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FILE 'ADISCTI, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUASCI, BIOBUSINESS, BIOCOMMERCE, BIOSIS, BIOTECHDS, BIOTECHNO, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CEABA-VTB, CEN, CIN, CONFSCI, CROPB, CROPU, DGENE, DRUGB, DRUGLAUNCH, DRUGMONOG2, DRUGNL, DRUGU, DRUGUPDATES, ...' ENTERED AT 13:33:08 ON 07 MAY 2003

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- L6 ANSWER 59 OF 172 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI
- AN 94:609210 SCISEARCH
- GA The Genuine Article (R) Number: PH589
- TI PRESENCE OR ABSENCE OF FACTOR-IX IN NORMAL

## PLATELETS

- AU FABRIS F (Reprint); BETTERLE C; GIROLAMI A
- CS UNIV PADUA, SCH MED, INST MED SEMEIOT, CHAIR INTERNAL MED 4, VIA OSPEDALE 105, I-35100 PADUA, ITALY (Reprint)
- CYA ITALY
- SO BLOOD COAGULATION & FIBRINOLYSIS, (AUG 1994) Vol. 5, No. 4, pp. 659. ISSN: 0957-5235.
- DT Letter; Journal
- FS LIFE
- LA ENGLISH
- REC Reference Count: 5
- L6 ANSWER 60 OF 172 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. DUPLICATE 17
- AN 1994:527516 BIOSIS
- DN PREV199497540516
- TI Platelets contain releasable coagulation factor IX antigen: (Response).
- AU Hoffman, M. (1), Romp, K.; Monroe, D.
- CS (1) Dep. Pathol: Med., Duke Univ. Med. Cent. Univ. North Carolina, North CA USA
- SO Blood Coagulation & Fibrinolysis, (1994) Vol. 5, No. 4, pp. 657-658. ISSN: 0957-5235.
- DT Article; Letter
- LA English
- L6 ANSWER 93 OF 172 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI
- AN 87:272961 SCISEARCH
- GA The Genuine Article (R) Number: H1787
- TI IDENTIFICATION OF BINDING-SITES FOR FACTOR-IX AND FACTOR-IXA ON HUMAN-PLATELETS
- AU AHMAD S S (Reprint); RAWALA R; WALSH P N
- CS TEMPLE UNIV, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19140
- CYA USA
- SO FEDERATION PROCEEDINGS, (1987) Vol. 46, No. 6, pp. 2244.
- DT Conference; Journal
- FS LIFE
- LA ENGLISH
- REC No References
- L6 ANSWER 96 OF 172 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
- AN 1988:41003 BIOSIS
- DN BR34:18023
- TI INTERACTIONS OF HUMAN PLATELETS WITH COAGULATION FACTORS IX AND IXA.
- AU AHMAD S S; RAWALA R; WALSH P N
- CS THROMBOSIS RES. CENT., DEP. MED., TEMPLE UNIV. SCH. MED., PHILADELPHIA, PA, USA.
- SO XITH INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS ON THROMBOSIS AND HAEMOSTASIS, BRUSSELS, BELGIUM, JULY 6-10, 1987. THROMB HAEMOSTASIS. (1987) 58 (1), 351. CODEN: THHADQ. ISSN: 0340-6245.
- DT Conference
- FS BR; OLD
- LA English
- L6 ANSWER 99 OF 172 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2003 THOMSON ISI
- AN 87:491215 SCISEARCH
- GA The Genuine Article (R) Number: J6998
- TI FACTOR-VIII MEDIATES BINDING OF FACTOR-IX TO

ANSWER 8 OF 8 WPIDS (C) 2003 THOMSON DERWENT L4AN2003-157028 [15] WPIDS DNC C2003-040916 DNN N2003-123898 TT New nucleic acid comprising all or part of a gene encoding a procoagulant factor (e.g. Factor VIII) operably linked to a megakaryocyte/platelet specific regulatory region, useful in 091606927 gene therapy, especially for treating hemophilia A. DC B04 D16 P14 IN CONWAY, E M; SCHUH, A C (CONW-I) CONWAY E M; (SCHU-I) SCHUH A C PΑ CYC PΙ WO 2002102850 A2 20021227 (200315)\* EN 34p RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZM ADT WO 2002102850 A2 WO 2002-CA903 20020617 PRAI US 2001-298121P 20010615 WO2002102850 A UPAB: 20030303 NOVELTY - A nucleic acid sequence (N1), which comprises all or part of a gene sequence encoding a procoagulant factor operably linked to a megakaryocyte/platelet specific regulatory region, is new. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following: (1) a B-domain deleted form of factor VIII, where residues 761-1630 of human Factor VIII have been deleted; (2) a vector for expression of N1; (3) a genetically modified cell expressing N1; (4) a transgenic animal expressing N1; (5) a method of treating hemophilia A comprising: (a) providing a nucleic acid construct comprising the sequence encoding a procoagulant factor operably linked to a tissue-specific promoter; (b) introducing the nucleic acid construct into bone marrow cells to obtain genetically modified cells; and (c) implanting the genetically modified cells into a patient; and (6) a method of gene therapy by: (a) administering to a patient a viral vector comprising the nucleic acid sequence encoding a Factor VIII gene product, where the expression of the Factor VIII gene product is regulated by a megakaryocyte specific promoter; or (b) (for ex vivo gene therapy) administering genetically modified cells expressing a desired gene product, where a megakaryocyte specific promoter is used to regulate the expression of gene product. ACTIVITY - Hemostatic; Coagulant. No biological data given. MECHANISM OF ACTION - Gene Therapy. No biological data given. USE - The nucleic acid is useful in gene therapy, particularly for treating hemophilia A. The vector or the genetically modified cell is also useful in gene therapy for treating hemophilia A.

Dwg.0/7

## STIMULATED PLATELETS

- AU MUNTEAN W (Reprint); LESCHNIK B
- CS GRAZ UNIV, DEPT PEDIAT, A-8010 GRAZ, AUSTRIA
- CYA AUSTRIA
- SO THROMBOSIS AND HAEMOSTASIS, (1987) Vol. 58, No. 1, pp. 351.
- DT Conference; Journal
- FS LIFE
- LA ENGLISH
- REC No References